Administration of Justice Occupation Report

CIP 43.0107

Cochise, Pima, SC

Criminal Justice/Police Science

CIP 2010: A program that prepares individuals to perform the duties of police and public security officers, including patrol and investigative activities, traffic control, crowd control and public relations, witness interviewing, evidence collection and management, basic crime prevention methods, weapon and equipment operation and maintenance, report preparation and other routine law enforcement responsibilities.

2016 Occupation Gender Breakdown

	Gender	Jobs	Percent
•	Males	4,209	80.1%
•	Females	1,044	19.9%

2016 Occupation Age Breakdown

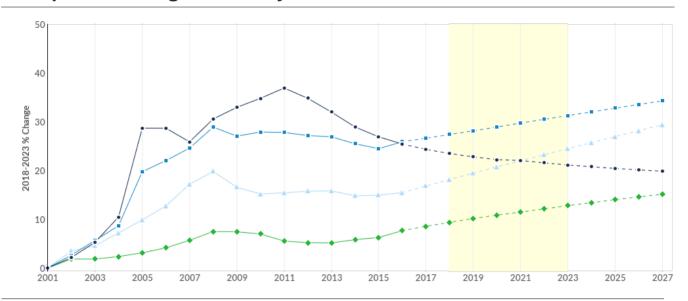
	Age	Jobs	Percent
•	14-18	3	0.1%
•	19-24	155	2.9%
•	25-34	1,301	24.8%
•	35-44	1,853	35.3%
•	45-54	1,192	22.7%
•	55-64	633	12.0%
•	65+	117	2.2%

Occupation Summary for 43.0107

5,253	3.0%	\$35.48/hr
Jobs (2016)	% Change (2018-2023)	Median Hourly Earnings
102% above National average	Nation: 3.1%	Nation: \$28.84/hr

^{*} Program Description - Settings

Occupation Change Summary



	Region	2018 Jobs	2023 Jobs	Change	% Change	Median Hourly Earnings
•	Cochise County, AZ	1,187	1,164	-23	-2%	\$37.41
•	Cochise, Pima, SC	5,316	5,477	161	3%	\$35.48
•	Arizona (AZ)	20,064	21,140	1,076	5%	\$33.21
•	United States	883,505	910,998	27,493	3%	\$28.84

SOC	Description	Typical Entry Level Education	Work Experience Required	Typical On-The-Job Training
33-3011	Bailiffs	High school diploma or equivalent	None	Moderate-term on-the-job training
33-3021	Detectives and Criminal Investigators	High school diploma or equivalent	Less than 5 years	Moderate-term on-the-job training
33-3051	Police and Sheriff's Patrol Officers	High school diploma or equivalent	None	Moderate-term on-the-job training
33-9021	Private Detectives and Investigators	High school diploma or equivalent	Less than 5 years	Moderate-term on-the-job training
33-9031	Gaming Surveillance Officers and Gaming Investigators	High school diploma or equivalent	None	Short-term on-the-job training

Occupation Breakdown - 2018 Jobs

Occupation	Description	Cochise County, AZ	Cochise, Pima, SC	Arizona (AZ)	United States
33-3021	Detectives and Criminal Investigators	977	2,962	6,370	110,851
33-3051	Police and Sheriff's Patrol Officers	202	2,215	12,546	705,554
33-9021	Private Detectives and Investigators	<10	51	488	37,446
33-3011	Bailiffs	<10	23	316	18,325
33-9031	Gaming Surveillance Officers and Gaming Investigators	<10	65	345	11,329
	Total	1,187	5,316	20,064	883,505

Occupation Breakdown - 2023 Jobs

Occupation	Description	Cochise County, AZ	Cochise, Pima, SC	Arizona (AZ)	United States
33-3021	Detectives and Criminal Investigators	951	3,000	6,491	112,232
33-3051	Police and Sheriff's Patrol Officers	206	2,334	13,444	730,379
33-9021	Private Detectives and Investigators	<10	55	527	38,222
33-3011	Bailiffs	<10	25	336	18,799
33-9031	Gaming Surveillance Officers and Gaming Investigators	<10	63	343	11,365
	Total	1,164	5,477	21,140	910,998

Occupation Breakdown - Change

Occupation	Description	Cochise County, AZ	Cochise, Pima, SC	Arizona (AZ)	United States
33-3011	Bailiffs		0	9	226
33-3051	Police and Sheriff's Patrol Officers	0	36	412	15,553
33-9021	Private Detectives and Investigators		7	46	1,595
33-9031	Gaming Surveillance Officers and Gaming Investigators		-3	-11	-46
33-3021	Detectives and Criminal Investigators	-36	13	30	1,275
	Total	-35	55	486	18,603

Occupation Breakdown - Median Hourly Earnings

Occupation	Description	Cochise County, AZ	Cochise, Pima, SC	Arizona (AZ)	United States
33-3021	Detectives and Criminal Investigators	\$37.61	\$37.67	\$37.61	\$37.56
33-9021	Private Detectives and Investigators		\$15.88	\$16.53	\$21.80
33-3051	Police and Sheriff's Patrol Officers	\$24.11	\$27.09	\$31.25	\$28.69
33-3011	Bailiffs		\$17.49	\$15.17	\$20.52
33-9031	Gaming Surveillance Officers and Gaming Investigators		\$16.20	\$16.29	\$15.69
	Total	\$35.28	\$32.75	\$32.44	\$29.18

Top Industries – Change from 2018 - 2023

NAICS Code	Description	Cochise County, AZ	Cochise, Pima, SC	Arizona (AZ)	United States
902999	State Government, Excluding Education and Hospitals	8	42	60	1,190
903999	Local Government, Excluding Education and Hospitals	1	94	894	22,477
611310	Colleges, Universities, and Professional Schools			16	1,575
903612	Colleges, Universities, and Professional Schools (Local Government)		2	16	544
901199	Federal Government, Civilian, Excluding Postal Service	-34	-2	-7	-753
	Total	-23	135	980	25,034

Source: QCEW Employees, Non-QCEW Employees & Self-Employed - EMSI 2017.3 Class of Worker

National Educational Attainment

Detectives and Criminal Investigators (33-3021)

	Education Level	2016 Percent
•	Less than high school diploma	0.4%
•	High school diploma or equivalent	7.2%
•	Some college, no degree	22.9%
•	Associate's degree	12.3%
•	Bachelor's degree	41.8%
•	Master's degree	13.1%
•	Doctoral or professional degree	2.3%

^{*} National Educational Attainment – Settings

National Educational Attainment

Police and Sheriff's Patrol Officers (33-3051)

	Education Level	2016 Percent
•	Less than high school diploma	0.7%
•	High school diploma or equivalent	12.4%
•	Some college, no degree	34.5%
•	Associate's degree	17.2%
•	Bachelor's degree	29.6%
•	Master's degree	5.0%
•	Doctoral or professional degree	0.6%

^{*} National Educational Attainment - Settings

National Educational Attainment

Gaming Surveillance Officers and Gaming Investigators (33-9031)

Education Level	2016 Percent
Less than high school diploma	6.5%
High school diploma or equivalent	33.9%
Some college, no degree	31.7%
Associate's degree	11.0%
Bachelor's degree	13.4%
Master's degree	2.8%
Doctoral or professional degree	0.6%

^{*} National Educational Attainment - Settings

National Educational Attainment

Private Detectives and Investigators (33-9021)

	Education Level	2016 Percent
•	Less than high school diploma	0.9%
•	High school diploma or equivalent	10.0%
•	Some college, no degree	22.2%
•	Associate's degree	9.9%
•	Bachelor's degree	39.1%
•	Master's degree	14.5%
•	Doctoral or professional degree	3.4%

^{*} National Educational Attainment - Settings

National Educational Attainment

Bailiffs (33-3011)

Ed	ucation Level	2016 Percent	
• Les	s than high school diploma	1.0%	
Hig	h school diploma or equivalent	31.2%	
Sor	ne college, no degree	38.1%	
Ass	sociate's degree	14.3%	
Bad	chelor's degree	13.0%	
Ma	ster's degree	2.2%	
Doc	ctoral or professional degree	0.3%	

^{*} National Educational Attainment - Settings

Appendix A - Data Sources and Calculations

Location Quotient

Location quotient (LQ) is a way of quantifying how concentrated a particular industry, cluster, occupation, or demographic group is in a region as compared to the nation. It can reveal what makes a particular region unique in comparison to the national average.

Occupation Data

EMSI occupation employment data are based on final EMSI industry data and final EMSI staffing patterns. Wage estimates are based on Occupational Employment Statistics (QCEW and Non-QCEW Employees classes of worker) and the American Community Survey (Self-Employed and Extended Proprietors). Occupational wage estimates also affected by county-level EMSI earnings by industry.

Completers Data

The completers data in this report is taken directly from the national IPEDS database published by the U.S. Department of Education's National Center for Education Statistics.

Institution Data

The institution data in this report is taken directly from the national IPEDS database published by the U.S. Department of Education's National Center for Education Statistics.

Industry Data

EMSI industry data have various sources depending on the class of worker. (1) For QCEW Employees, EMSI primarily uses the QCEW (Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages), with supplemental estimates from County Business Patterns and Current Employment Statistics. (2) Non-QCEW employees data are based on a number of sources including QCEW, Current Employment Statistics, County Business Patterns, BEA State and Local Personal Income reports, the National Industry-Occupation Employment Matrix (NIOEM), the American Community Survey, and Railroad Retirement Board statistics. (3) Self-Employed and Extended Proprietor classes of worker data are primarily based on the American Community Survey, Nonemployer Statistics, and BEA State and Local Personal Income Reports. Projections for QCEW and Non-QCEW Employees are informed by NIOEM and long-term industry projections published by individual states.

Staffing Patterns Data

The staffing pattern data in this report are compiled from several sources using a specialized process. For QCEW and Non-QCEW Employees classes of worker, sources include Occupational Employment Statistics, the National Industry-Occupation Employment Matrix, and the American Community Survey. For the Self-Employed and Extended Proprietors classes of worker, the primary source is the American Community Survey, with a small amount of information from Occupational Employment Statistics.

State Data Sources

This report uses state data from the following agencies: Arizona Department of Administration, Office of Employment and Population Statistics