

Material Safety Data Sheet

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Section 1 - Product and Company Identification

PRODUCT NAME & NUMBERS HMIS CODES					
MINWAX [®] P	OLYSHADES® Interior	Stain & Po	lyurethane Finish	Health	2*
Glos	ss (400 numbers) and	Satin (300	numbers)	Flammability	2
310/410	Honey Pine	360/460	Tudor	Reactivity	0
320/420	Pecan	370/470	Classic Oak		
330/430	Olde Maple	380/480	Bombay Mahogany		
340/440	Antique White	390/490	Natural Cherry		
350/450	Royal Walnut				

MANUFACTURER'S NAME EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NO.

MINWAX Company (216) 566-2917

10 Mountainview Road INFORMATION TELEPHONE NO.

Upper Saddle River, NJ 07458 (800) 523-9299

Section 2 - Composition/Information on Ingredients

% WT.	CAS No.	Ingredient Name Vapor Press	ure
15-22	64742-88-7	Mineral Spirits	
		ACGIH TLV 100 ppm 2	mm
		OSHA PEL 100 ppm	
26-33	64741-65-7	Mineral Spirits (Odorless)	
		ACGIH TLV 100 ppm 1	mm
		OSHA PEL 100 ppm	
0-0.3	136-52-7	Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate	
		ACGIH TLV Not Available	
		OSHA PEL Not Available	
0.1	Proprietary	Cobalt Carboxylate (380, Bombay Mahogany only)	
		ACGIH TLV Not Available	
		OSHA PEL Not Available	
5-6	112926-00-8	Amorphous Precipitated Silica (Satin Finishes of	nly)
		ACGIH TLV 10 mg/m3 as Dust	
		OSHA PEL 6 mg/m3 as Dust	

Section 3 - Hazards Identification

ROUTES OF EXPOSURE

Exposure may be by INHALATION and/or SKIN or EYE contact, depending on conditions of use. To minimize exposure, follow recommendations for proper use, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Irritation of eyes, skin and upper respiratory system. May cause nervous system depression. Extreme overexposure may result in unconsciousness and possibly death.

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Headache, dizziness, nausea, and loss of coordination are indications of excessive exposure to vapors or spray mists. Redness and itching or burning sensation may indicate eye or excessive skin exposure.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE - None generally recognized. CANCER INFORMATION

For Complete Discussion of Toxicology Data Refer to Section 11.

Section 4 – First Aid Measures

If INHALED: If affected, remove from exposure. Restore breathing. Keep warm

and quiet.

If on SKIN: Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water. Remove

contaminated clothing and launder before re-use.

If in EYES: Flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes.

Get medical attention.

If SWALLOWED: Do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.

Section 5 – Fire Fighting Measures

FLASH POINT LEL UEL 104 °F PMCC 1.0 7.0

FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION - Combustible, Flash above 99 and below 200 °F EXTINGUISHING MEDIA - Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Foam UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Application to hot surfaces requires special precautions. During emergency conditions overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain medical attention.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used. Water spray may be ineffective. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat.

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED

Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate the area. Remove with inert absorbent.

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

STORAGE CATEGORY - DOL Storage Class II
PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE

Contents are COMBUSTIBLE. Keep away from heat and open flame. Consult NFPA Code. Use approved Bonding and Grounding procedures. Keep container closed when not in use. Transfer only to approved containers with complete and appropriate labeling. Do not take internally. Keep out of the reach of children.

Section 8 – Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN USE

Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapor and spray mist. Wash hands after using.

These coatings may contain materials classified as nuisance particulates (listed "as Dust" in Section 2) which may be present at hazardous levels only during sanding or abrading of the dried film. If no specific dusts are listed in Section 2, the applicable limits for nuisance dusts are ACGIH TLV 10 mg./m3 (total dust), 3 mg./m3 (respirable fraction), OSHA PEL 15 mg./m3 (total dust), 5 mg./m3 (respirable fraction).

Removal of old paint by sanding, scraping or other means may generate dust or fumes that contain lead. Exposure to lead dust or fumes may cause brain damage or other adverse health effects, especially in children or pregnant women. Controlling exposure to lead or other hazardous substances requires the use of proper protective equipment, such as a properly fitted respirator (NIOSH approved) and proper containment and cleanup. For more information, call the National Lead Information Center at 1-800-424-LEAD(in US) or contact your local health authority.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls/Personal Protection (continued)

VENTILATION

Local exhaust preferable. General exhaust acceptable if the exposure to materials in Section 2 is maintained below applicable exposure limits. Refer to OSHA Standards 1910.94, 1910.107, 1910.108.

If personal exposure cannot be controlled below applicable limits by ventilation, wear a properly fitted organic vapor/particulate respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for protection against materials in Section 2.

When sanding or abrading the dried film, wear a dust/mist respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for dust which may be generated from this product, underlying paint, or the abrasive.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

Wear gloves which are recommended by glove supplier for protection against materials in Section 2.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear safety spectacles with unperforated sideshields.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS

Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal.

Section 9 – Physical and Chemical Properties

PRODUCT WEIGHT	7.46-7.73 lb/gal	EVAPORATION RATE	Slower than Ether		
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	0.90-0.93	VAPOR DENSITY	Heavier than Air		
BOILING POINT	300-412 °F	MELTING POINT	Not Available		
VOLATILE VOLUME	56-57 %	SOLUBILITY IN WATER	Not Available		
VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (VOC Theoretical)					
3.6-3.7 lb/gal Less Federally Exempt Solvents					

3.6-3.7 lb/gal Emitted VOC

Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

STABILITY - Stable

CONDITIONS TO AVOID - None known.

INCOMPATIBILITY - None known.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS - By fire: Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION - Will not occur

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS

Cobalt and cobalt compounds are classified by IARC as possibly carcinogenic to humans (group 2B) based on experimental animal data, however, there is inadequate evidence in humans for its carcinogenicity.

Prolonged overexposure to solvent ingredients in Section 2 may cause adverse effects to the liver and urinary systems.

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

TOXICOLOGY DATA

CAS No.	Ingredient Name				
64742-88-7	Mineral Spirits				
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not	Available
	LD50	RAT		Not	Available
64741-65-7	Mineral Spirits (Odorless)				
	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not	Available
	LD50	RAT		Not	Available

TOXICOLOGY DATA (continued)

Ingredient Name			
Cobalt 2-Ethyl			
LC50 RAT	4HR	Not Available	
LD50 RAT		Not Available	
Cobalt Carboxy	: Carboxylate		
LC50 RAT	4HR	Not Available	
LD50 RAT		Not Available	
Amorphous Precipitated Silica			
LC50 RAT	4HR	Not Available	
LD50 RAT		4999 mg/kg	
	Cobalt 2-Ethyll C50 RAT Cobalt Carboxy C50 RAT CD50 RAT CD50 RAT CD50 RAT CMOrphous Prec	Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoat C50 RAT 4HR C50 RAT Cobalt Carboxylate C50 RAT 4HR C50 RAT C50 RAT CMOrphous Precipitated C50 RAT 4HR	

Section 12 - Ecological Information

ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION - No data available.

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Waste from these products may be hazardous as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261. Waste must be tested for ignitability to determine the applicable EPA hazardous waste numbers.

Incinerate in approved facility. Do not incinerate closed container. Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State/Provincial, and Local regulations regarding pollution.

Section 14 - Transport Information - No data available.

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.65C) SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION CAS No. CHEMICAL/COMPOUND

Cobalt Compound

% by WT % Element max. 0.4 max. 0.03

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65

WARNING: 470 contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer. 310, 320, 330, 340, 350, 360, 410, 420, 430, 440, 450 and 460 contain chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer. 370, 380, 390, 480 and 490 contain chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

TSCA CERTIFICATION

All chemicals in these products are listed, or are exempt from listing, on the TSCA Inventory.

Section 16 - Other Information

CANADIAN DISTRIBUTOR: Consumer Brands Canada Inc. 200 Confederation Parkway

Vaughn, ON L4K 4T8

NOTE: These products have been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

The above information pertains to these products as currently formulated, and is based on the information available at this time. Addition of reducers or other additives to these products may substantially alter the composition and hazards of the product. Since conditions of use are outside our control, we make no warranties, express or implied, and assume no liability in connection with any use of this information.